

SA Winegrape Crush Survey 2023 Regional Summary Report

Adelaide Plains Wine Region

Wine Australia July 2023

Adelaide Plains

Winegrape intake summary table

Varieties	Tonnes purchased	Total value purchased	Average purchase value per tonne	Change in price year on year	Winery grown fruit g (tonnes)	Winery rown share of crush	Total crushed (tonnes)	Estimated total value all grapes
Red								
Cabernet Sauvignon	118	\$62,747	\$534	-9%			118	\$62,747
Grenache	82				13	14%	96	\$95,760
Mataro/Mourvedre	72						72	\$110,282
Pinot Noir	58	\$83 <i>,</i> 660	\$1,454	0%			58	\$83,660
Shiraz	809	\$678,999	\$839	-14%	2	0%	811	\$680,938
Red Total	1,139	\$1,018,008	\$894	-9%	16	1%	1,154	\$1,033,387
White								
Chardonnay	58						58	\$51,085
Muscat Gordo Blanco					6	100%	6	\$7 <i>,</i> 687
Pinot Gris/Grigio	78						78	\$96,313
Sauvignon Blanc	192	\$278,186	\$1,447	0%			192	\$278,186
Viognier	9						29	\$41,905
Other white					3	100%	3	\$3 <i>,</i> 874
White Total	357	\$467,489	\$1,311	0%	9	2%	365	\$479,051
Grand Total	1,495	\$1,485,497	\$994	-2%	25	2%	1,520	\$1,512,438

There were 10 respondents to the survey who reported crushing grapes from the Adelaide Plains in 2023, compared with 11 in 2022

Note: Where there are fewer than three purchasers of a variety, the average price and total value are not reported to protect confidentiality.

Adelaide Plains

Price dispersion – purchased grapes

Tonnes purchased in each segment							
Varieties	<\$600 \$600-<\$900 \$900-<\$1500 \$1500-<\$2000 >\$2000					Total purchased	
Red							
Cabernet Sauvignon	84	31		3		118	
Grenache			82			82	
Mataro/Mourvedre		21		52		72	
Pinot Noir	11		14	25	8	58	
Shiraz	156	474	6	174		809	
Red Total	251	525	102	253	8	1,139	
White							
Chardonnay	13	15	31			58	
Pinot Gris/Grigio			78			78	
Sauvignon Blanc			56	136		192	
Viognier			29			29	
White Total	13	15	194	136		357	
Total purchased	263	540	296	388	8	1,495	

Note: Where there are fewer than three purchasers of a variety, the average price and total value are not reported to protect confidentiality.

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Current plantings by variety and year planted

	Area (hectares)						
Variety	Pre-2020	2020	2021	2022	Total area (Ha)	% planted in 2022	
Red winegrapes							
Cabernet Sauvignon	49	0	0	0	49	0%	
Grenache	19	0	0	0	19	0%	
Mataro (Mourvedre)	7	0	0	0	7	0%	
Merlot	16	0	0	0	16	0%	
Pinot Noir	13	0	0	0	13	0%	
Shiraz	136	1	2	0	139	0%	
Other Red	17	0	0	0	17	0%	
Total red varieties	257	1	2	0	260	0%	
White winegrapes							
Chardonnay	26	0	0	0	26	0%	
Colombard	1	0	0	0	1	0%	
Pinot Gris	32	0	0	0	32	0%	
Riesling	1	0	0	0	1	0%	
Sauvignon Blanc	16	0	0	0	16	0%	
Other White	7	0	0	0	7	0%	
Total white varieties	83	0	0	0	83	0%	
Unknown variety	11	0	0	0	11	0%	
Total all varieties	351	1	2	0	354	0%	

Source: Vinehealth Australia

Explanations and definitions

INTAKE (CURRENT VINTAGE) DATA

Definition of regions

Regions have been defined in accordance with Geographical Indication (GI) boundaries. If a GI region has not been declared, or produces less than 5,000 tonnes, then the data is aggregated into the relevant GI zone. Disaggregation of data into smaller regions such as Southern Fleurieu and Mount Benson is available on request from Wine Australia.

Total crush

The total crushed is the total tonnes of grapes crushed from a particular source region, whether processed in that region, another region in SA or interstate. All wineries in Australia are included in the survey collection process. However, not all wineries respond to the survey - therefore the total tonnage reported may underestimate the true crush. It is estimated that the overall response rate for the survey is 91 per cent; however, individual regions may vary. Generally, regions will have a higher response rate when there is a high proportion of purchased winegrapes within the region.

Reported fruit is separated into fruit produced from the winery's own or associated vineyards ("own grown") and from independent vineyards ("purchased").

Calculated average purchase value

The survey requests wineries to provide the total amount paid for each parcel of fruit purchased (or the price per tonne). This is the price paid for fruit of a particular variety at the point of receival – not including specific amounts paid for freight. It includes any penalties or bonuses (eg Baumé) applied at the weighbridge, but DOES NOT INCLUDE other bonuses or adjustments such as end use quality bonuses, which are not available at the time the survey is conducted (May-June 2023).

The calculated average purchase value per tonne is the average amount paid per tonne of fruit across all wineries.

Winery grown grapes are not included in the calculation of average purchase value; nor are grapes grown by companies connected with the winery or under lease arrangements.

Average and total purchase values are not reported where there are fewer than three purchasers of a variety in a particular region. However, the values are included in the calculation of totals for each region.

Important note on average purchase value

There is considerable variation in the pricing arrangements made by different wineries. For example, some wineries make adjustment payments based on the average value per tonne reported in this survey and some pay quality bonuses based on the end use of the product. These additional payments are not included in the reported figures. The average price also does not give any indication of the distribution of prices, or variables that go into individual contracts.

Price dispersion data

All purchases for each variety are grouped into price segments according to the price paid for that batch of fruit. The sum of tonnes in all the price segments may not match the total tonnes purchased where there are tonnes reported without an associated price.

Estimated total value of all grapes

The estimated total value of all grapes is calculated by multiplying the average purchase value per tonne by all tonnes crushed. If there is a variety where there are no purchases, then the average purchase value for the same variety across similar regions, or across all other varieties of the same colour in the same region is used to determine an estimated value for the own grown grapes.

Explanations and definitions - continued

PLANTING DATA

Source of planting data tables

Planting data is obtained from the vineyard register maintained by Vinehealth Australia.

Vinehealth Australia is required under the *Phylloxera and Grape Industry Act* 1995 to maintain a complete and accurate register of vineyard owners in the state. Vineyard owners with plantings of 0.5 hectares or more are required to register with Vinehealth Australia, and provide details of any changes made to these vineyard plantings within three months of any such change. This information is kept strictly confidential and provided for this survey in a deidentified and aggregated manner.

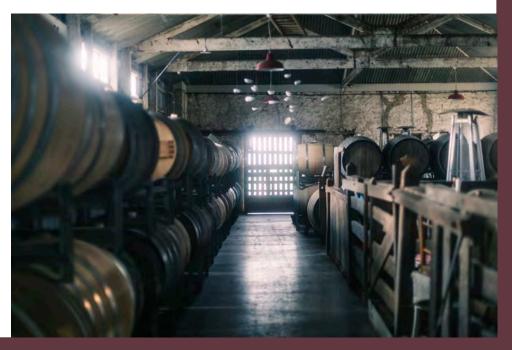
For more information on the planting data in this report or about registration of vineyards, please contact the Vinehealth Australia office on (08) 8273 0550.

Explanatory notes for planting data tables

To protect confidentiality, the following rules are applied to reporting varieties:

- Where there are fewer than 10 registered owners with plantings of a particular variety across the state, that variety is not separately identified in either the state or the regional reports but is grouped with "other red/white", AND
- Where there are fewer than three registered owners with a particular grape variety in a given region, that variety is not separately identified in the regional report but is grouped with "other red/white" unless it is a white variety listed in the top seven, or red variety in the top five by planted area for the state for the current year.
- Planting data tables are current as at 30 April 2023 and include all plantings from the 2022–23 planting season.

- Reference to "other varieties" includes rootstock, multi-purpose and tablegrape plantings.
- Vines planted in a particular year may include top-worked or replaced vines, as well as new plantings in virgin ground. Where vines have been replaced or top-worked, the old variety record is removed. This explains why the area planted for earlier years may be different in the current report compared with previous reports.
- Where a zero (0) appears in a table, this may indicate the presence of a planting of less than 0.5 hectares, or it may indicate zero plantings. Rounding may produce slight discrepancies in totals.



Acknowledgements

AUSTRALIAN NATIONAL VINTAGE SURVEY

The information for this report has been collected and analysed by Wine Australia as part of the Australian wine sector National Vintage Survey. The SA Winegrape Crush Survey Report has been prepared by Wine Australia on behalf of the South Australian Wine Industry Association and Wine Grape Council SA.

The survey publication is available on the Vinehealth Australia website <u>vinehealth.com.au</u> and via links from the Wine Grape Council SA website <u>wgcsa.com.au</u> and the South Australian Wine Industry Association website <u>www.winesa.asn.au</u>.

Survey results from 2015 onwards are available on the Wine Australia interactive Vintage Survey Dashboard:

https://marketexplorer.wineaustralia.com/vintage-survey

Disclaimer

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Note: data published in this report supercedes that in earlier reports. Minor variations in reported figures can occur due to data revisions.

Any questions about the report should be directed to: Wine Australia Market Insights +61 8 8228 2000

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About Wine Australia

Wine Australia supports a competitive wine sector by investing in research, development and adoption (RDA), growing domestic and international markets, protecting the reputation of Australian wine.

Wine Australia is an Australian Commonwealth Government statutory authority, established under the *Wine Australia Act 2013*, and funded by grape growers and winemakers through levies and user-pays charges and the Australian Government, which provides matching funding for RDA investments.

Credits

Images – Wine Australia GI maps – Vinehealth Australia

